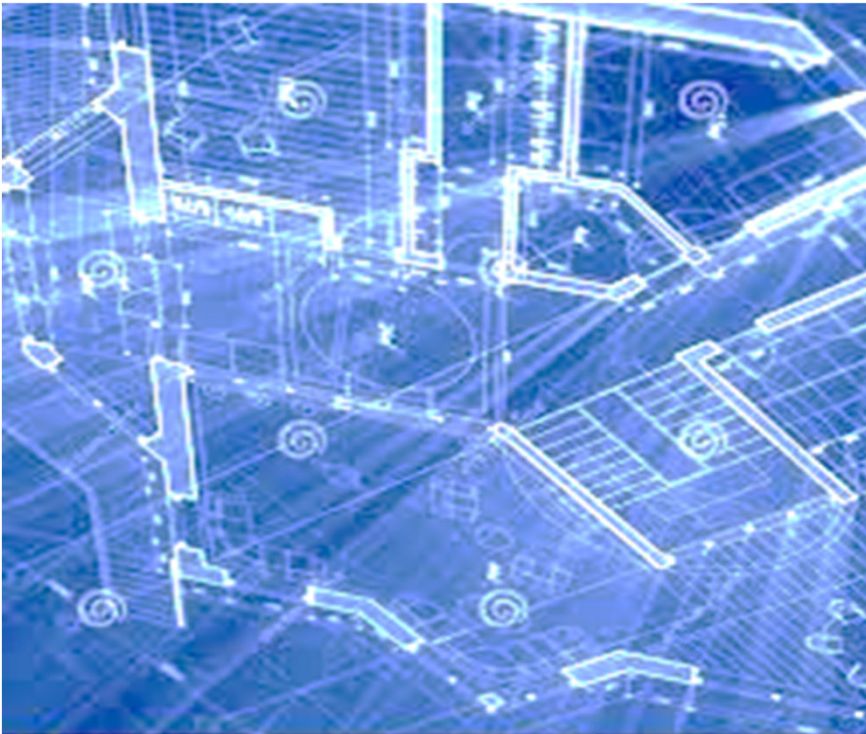


# Enterprise Architecture Havering Council

Tim Ward, optima IT Ltd



**optima**

Maximising return on IT investments



# Introduction



This document sets out a high level roadmap to best deliver on the internal and external drivers facing Havering council.



Fundamentally this roadmap should deliver a cost effective, robust and appropriately flexible platform and enabler for the council to deliver to its organisational goals.



The document recaps the drivers for change, sets out a high level target state architecture that enables the organisation to address these drivers and a high level roadmap to deliver toward this target state.



# Context

The Covid-19 crisis has created opportunities for, a re-examination of business priorities and the ensuing IT roadmaps (architecture) for our council.

“Enterprise Architecture” is, fundamentally, about aligning IT delivery with the strategic aims of an organisation.

Information Technology delivers no benefits in its own right, it can however be a significant enabler of business change and transformation.

The following diagram is the output of workshops with senior council stakeholders which highlights key drivers and investment objectives that drive business changes. These in turn can be underpinned by IT enablers.



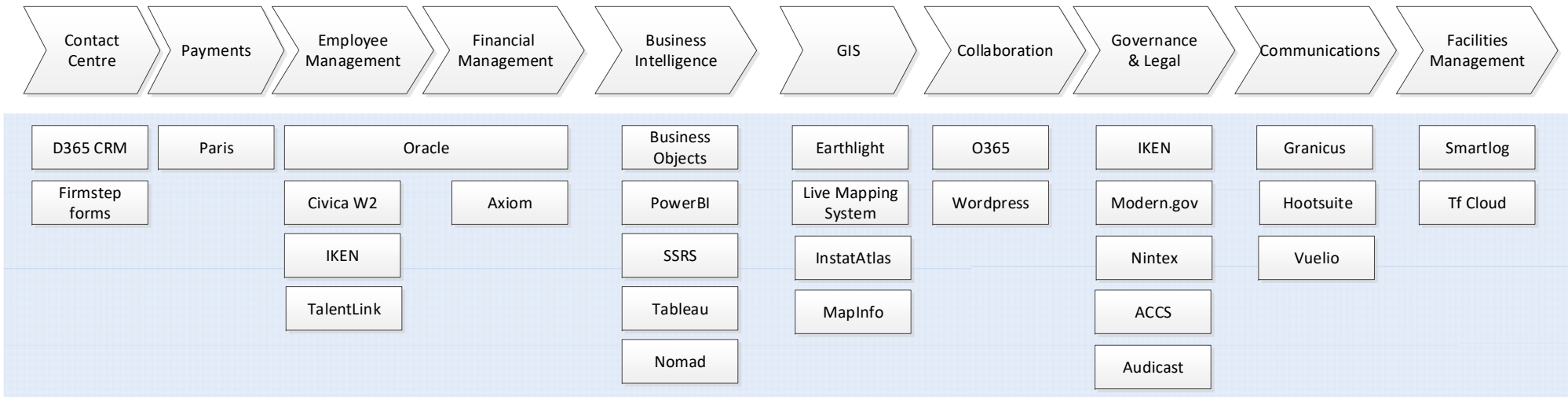
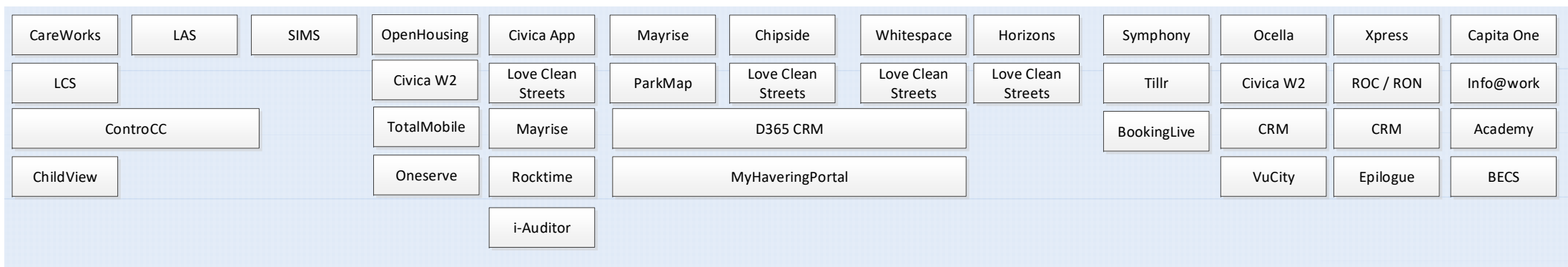
# As-is architecture

This section includes:

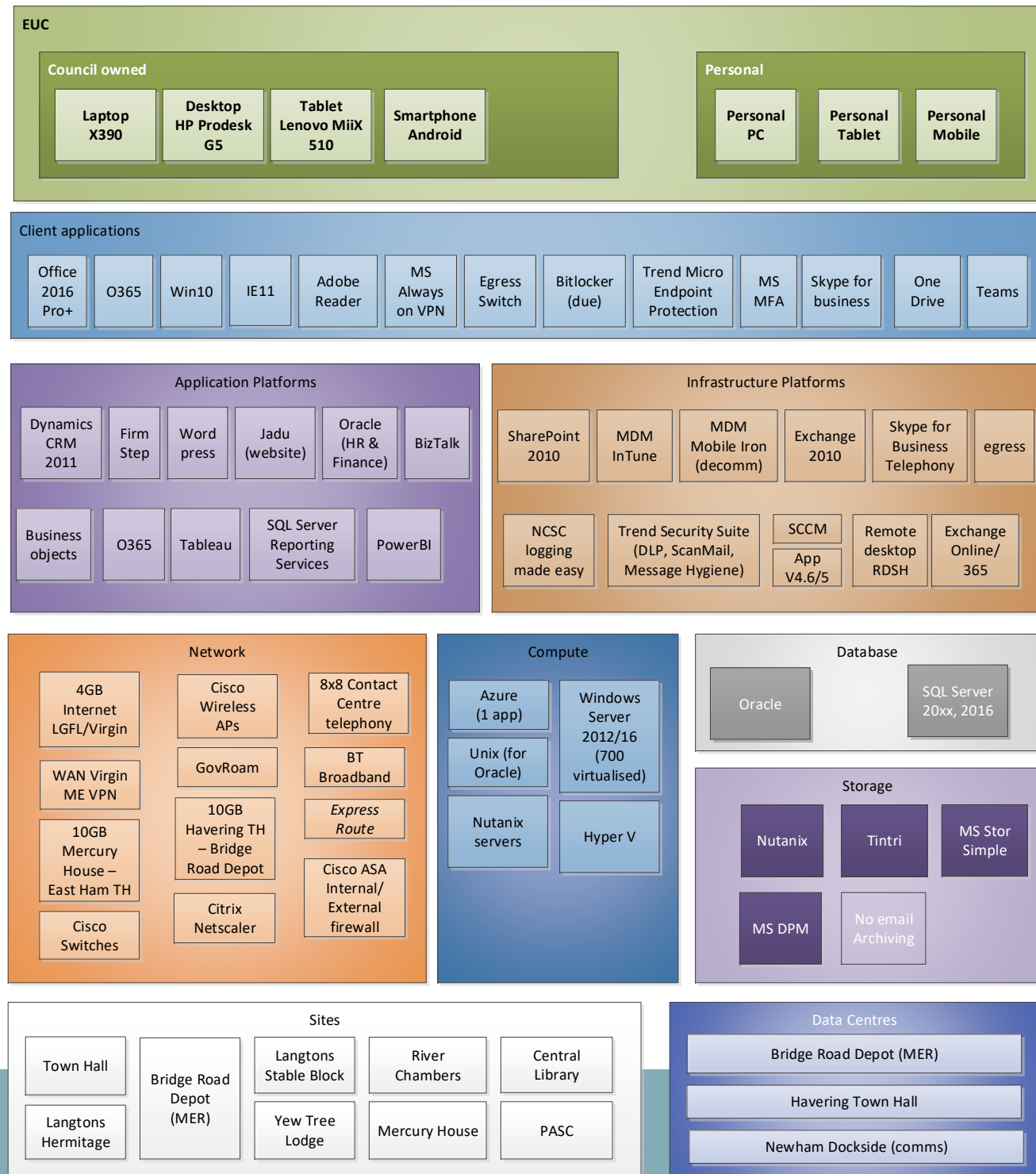
- Application landscape
- Technology landscape



# Application landscape



# Technology landscape

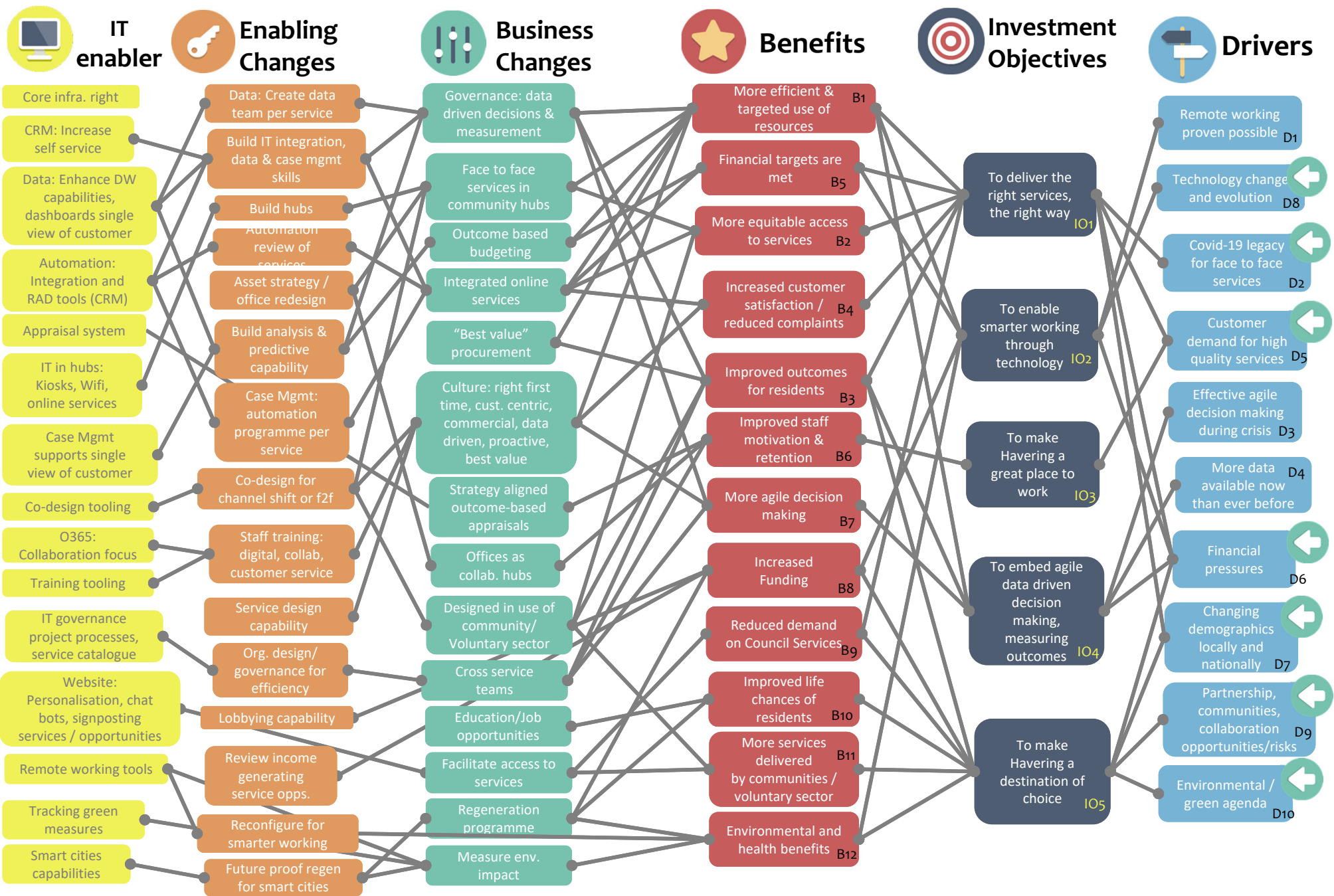


# To-be architecture

This section includes

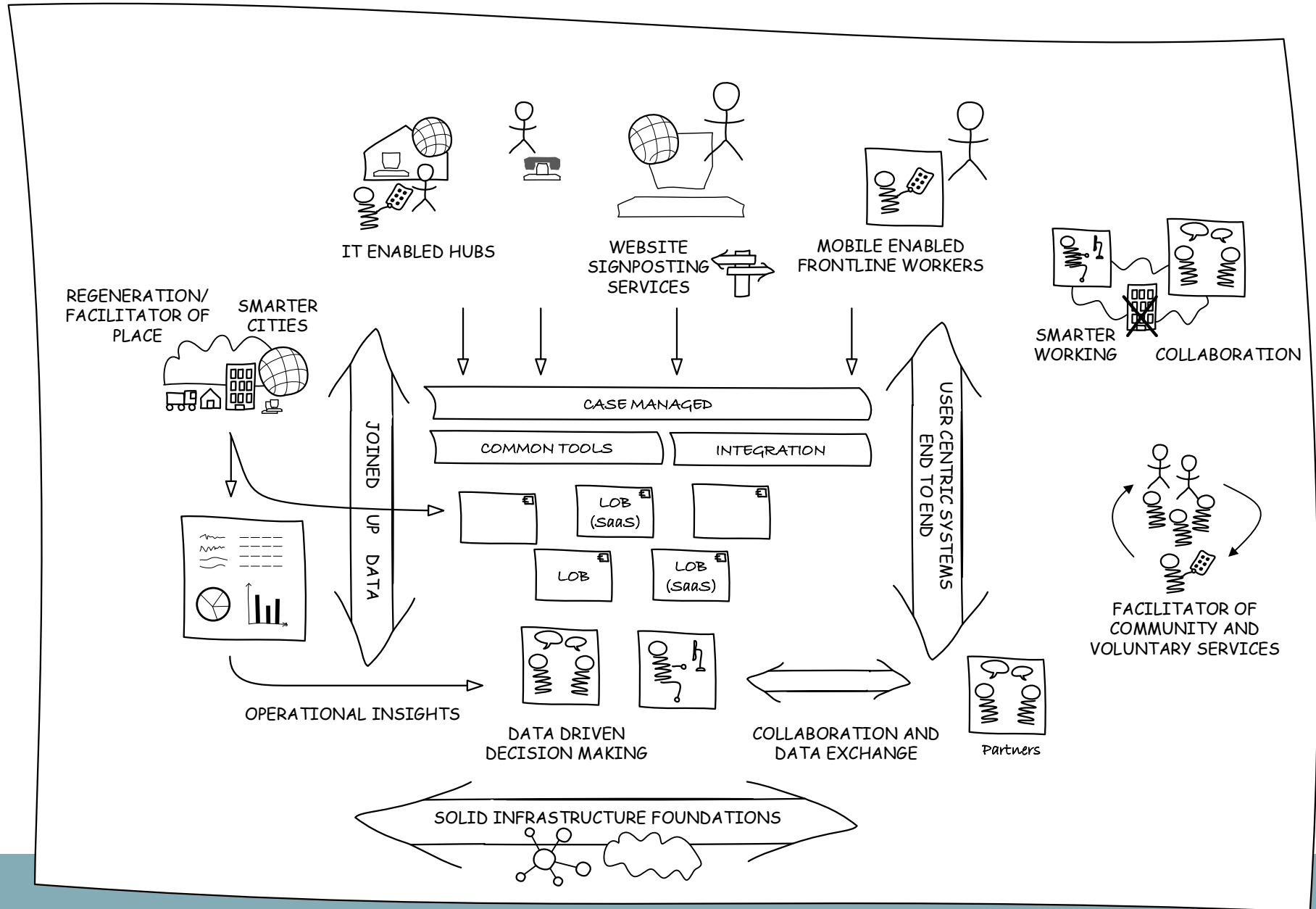
- Benefits dependency network
  - Drivers, Investment Objectives, Benefits sought, Business Changes and IT enablers
- Conceptual target state
- High level roadmap – sunray diagram
- Target architecture themes
- High level architecture components
- High level platform view







# Conceptual target architecture



# Target architecture themes (1/2)

## IT enabled hubs

- Required face to face service delivery focused around hubs, which also act as locations for signposting access to community and voluntary services. IT supports council staff and access to online services.

## Online services

- Increasing channel shift for appropriate services. Signposting of online council services as well as community and voluntary sector services.
- Efficient access to information and services supported by personalisation, webchat and a case management approach to service forms. Case management underpins single view of customer.
- Business process review and redesign for automation and integration opportunities.

## Smarter working / collaboration

- Technology as an enabler of different working styles in, around and away from the office. Decrease in office space facilitated by efficient remote working capabilities and collaboration tools.

## Mobile enabled frontline workers

- Easy access to required council systems on the move.
- Devices and remote access capabilities go part of the way to supporting this.
- Business process review and redesign are likely required to derive full benefits.

## User centric systems – end to end

- Services designed around the end customer, from initial point of contact, across relevant services and through relevant LOB systems.



# Target architecture themes (2/2)

## Joined up data – supporting operational insights and collaboration

- Joined during the customer journey and at the point of entry.
- As well as joined after the fact for reporting purposes and to address a legacy of un-linked data.
- Data teams aligned with service areas support delivery of performance data, underpinning data driven decision making.
- “Open data” and other mechanisms for appropriate collaboration and data exchange with partners.

## Regeneration / Facilitator of space

- Build smart cities capabilities in from the beginning. Signposting and IT facilitation of strategy.

## Facilitator of community and voluntary services

- Through signposting / directory capabilities and IT enabled Hubs.

## Common tools

- Leverage core platform capabilities for Case Management, Process Automation, Reporting/Data, Integration.
- Driving reduced cost of ownership, increased expertise and faster delivery from IT.
- Some need for compromise where common platforms maximise benefits to wider organisation.

## Integration

- Efficient council operations facilitated by expertise in Integration capabilities joining up transactions between LOB systems and between service areas.
- Allows for exceptions which optimise solutions for services, with integration back to core platforms.

## Solid infrastructure foundations

- Appropriate levels of security, resilience and robustness to underpin council services.
- Increasing use of cloud services where cost effective.



# Enterprise Architecture Roadmap

## Customer, Case Management, Automation

## Website

## Data

## Collaboration

## Infrastructure

## Networking

## Innovation

D365 replacement

Workflow/ forms

Build skills  
Integration (Power Automate / CDS)  
Case Management

Automation  
(replace "fire and forget" forms and excel with case management)

"Virtual assistant"  
contact centre automation

Case management capability

Integration (CDS/Power automate)

Decom FirmStep

Webchat  
AI automation

Personalisation

Directory capability

Redirect forms to CRM/  
case management

Changes to support  
signposting to Hubs

Minimal changes to support CRM

Prove use of data  
as "predictive"

Scope for single  
view of customer  
Sources?  
Targets?

GIS consolidation  
opportunities

Enhance analytics  
capabilities to offer new  
insights

Governance – sell  
data potential

New data sources  
into DW

Data Teams  
(OneSource and  
Business)

Consolidate use of Dashboards and  
Performance Metrics (actionable)

Review Tech – AWS  
opportunities?  
E.g. Aurora  
And hosting

Understand scope of  
"data based decisions"  
Sources  
Analysis  
Presentation

O365 backup  
requirements?

Virtual desktop  
options in cloud  
to replace RDSH  
e.g. AWS  
Workspaces

Leverage OneDrive

Apply data  
classification and  
retention

Azure AD?

EUC unification  
(consistent devices)

MFA for council logins

SharePoint  
governance

Permissions  
management

Complete transition to  
O365 / Exchange  
online

Work with MS to  
understand Teams  
capabilities and  
adoption plans

Teams  
telephony?

Reduce use of  
direct dial?

Other collaboration  
technologies?  
GroupMap  
Miro  
...?

People and culture –  
what does  
collaboration mean?

Decommission unsupported/  
insecure servers

Understand impact of  
office strategy

Tech changes to  
utilise Express  
Route

Enhance backup  
capabilities

Retire on prem server  
rooms where possible

Transition server  
infrastructure to  
cloud as appropriate

Wireless AP  
refresh

Right size  
network

Switch refresh

Check PAs are  
best fit not just  
"best"

Firewall refresh

Incorporate 2-tier  
(different) internal/  
external firewalls

Build cloud strategy  
- SaaS first  
- Azure for new server deployments  
- consider AWS Aurora for on/off  
database use  
- leverage on/off and elasticity  
capabilities

Cloud economics  
assessment

Predictive  
analytics  
POC

Analytics POC  
Insights from  
data

Webchat /  
chatbot POC

Hub  
"Intelligent  
kiosk" POC

Contact  
Centre POC

AI in customer contact – telephony  
and webchat. MS and AWS potential

Analysis of contact centre  
data – to determine what to  
automate

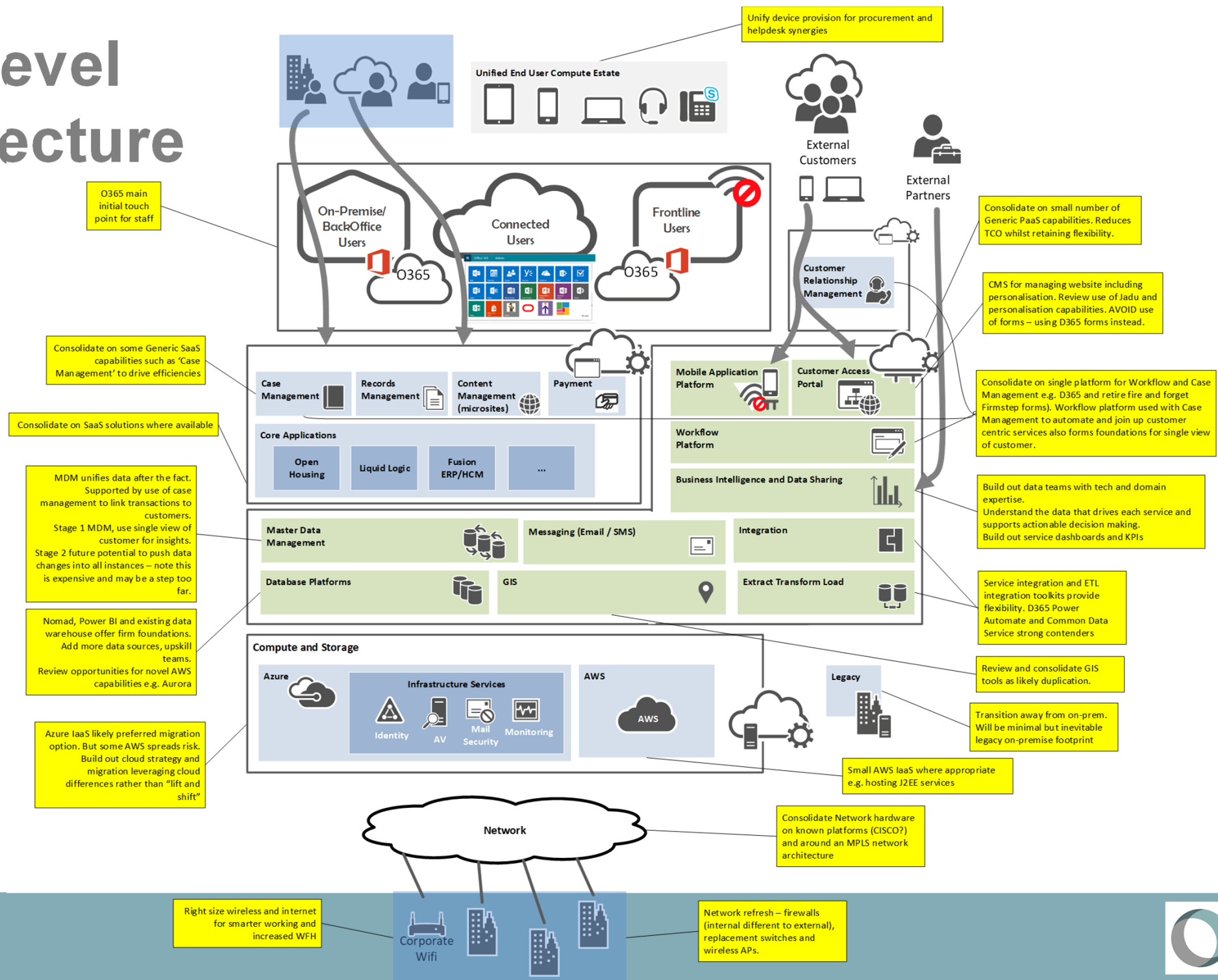
Data insights – what can AWS/MS  
tools tell us we don't know?

Run POC

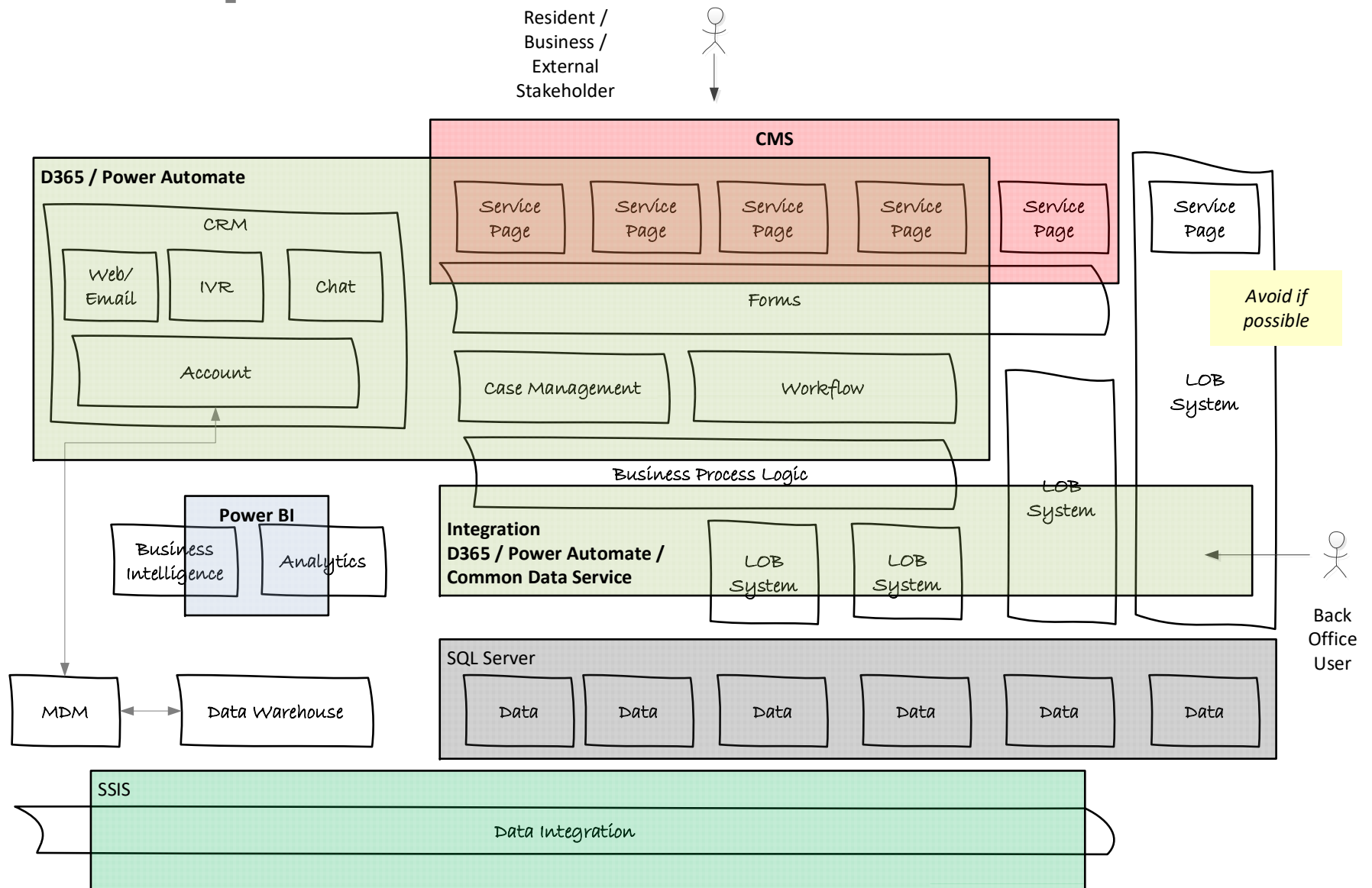
AWS data capabilities e.g. Aurora for  
on/off data base costs and elasticity



# High level architecture



# High level platform view



# Governance

This section includes

- IT principles
  - A detailed breakdown of the proposed IT principles is also available.





# IT Principles (1/3)

A set of IT Principles is proposed on the following slides.

IT Principles are high level statements of the fundamental values that guide decision-making and activities in relation to IT.

They are the foundation for both architectures, standards, and policy development.

Their use ensures the managed evolution of Havering's Enterprise Architecture, reducing delivery risk and managing IT Total Cost of Ownership.





# IT Principles (2/3)

The evolution of our IT landscapes should be driven by business need and guided by a set of IT principles to assist our decision making

## **Governance**

- Clear alignment with strategic plans
- Maximise benefit to the organisation
- Leverage common use applications, integrate where divergence is critical
- IT engaged in all IT deployments
- Customer centric design
- Agile delivery methodology
- Tolerance of innovation and experimentation – fail fast.

## **Data**

- Data should be accessible, managed as an asset and appropriately protected
- Data will be shared unless there exists a strong case otherwise
- Data should be integrated to support a single view of the customer



# IT Principles (3/3)

## Applications

- Clearly defined architecture and strategies
- Design for ease of use
- Rent before buy before build – “Configure” where possible
  - (SaaS before PaaS before IaaS before “tin”)
- Build for business efficiency, integrating services and information
- Alignment with agreed standard technologies

## Technology

- Controlled technical diversity
- Strive for reusability
- Reduce complexity
- Appropriate security – to minimum standards
- Requirements based change

